

Counting Principle & Permutations

A license plate consists of 3 letters, followed by 3 digits.

How many different license plates are possible?

$$\underline{26} \cdot \underline{26} \cdot \underline{26} \cdot \underline{10} \cdot \underline{10} \cdot \underline{10} = 17,576,000$$

Suppose letters and digits may not be repeated. How many are possible?

$$\underline{26} \cdot \underline{25} \cdot \underline{24} \cdot \underline{10} \cdot \underline{9} \cdot \underline{8} = 11,232,000$$

Permutations

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In how many ways can these letters be arranged?

$$\underline{3} \cdot \underline{2} \cdot \underline{1}$$

6 ways

ABC
ACB
CAB
CBA
BAC
BCA

Permutations

In how many ways can these letters be arranged? ABCDEFG

$$7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$$

$$= 7! = \text{"7 factorial"} = 5040$$

How many ways could I choose just two letters from the list?

$$7 \cdot 6 = 42 \text{ ways}$$

KEY CONCEPT

For Your Notebook

Permutations of n Objects Taken r at a Time

The number of permutations of r objects taken from a group of n distinct objects is denoted by ${}_n P_r$ and is given by this formula:

$${}_n P_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!} \quad 7P_2 = \frac{7!}{(7-2)!} = \frac{7!}{5!} =$$

Find the number of permutations.

$$1. \quad {}_5 P_3 = \frac{5!}{(5-3)!} = \frac{5!}{2!} = \frac{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{2 \cdot 1} = 60$$

$$2. \quad {}_4 P_1 = \frac{4!}{(4-1)!} = \frac{4!}{3!} = \frac{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 4$$

$$3. \quad {}_8 P_5 = \frac{8!}{(8-5)!} = \frac{8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 6720$$

Counting Principle & Permutations (cont.)

KEY CONCEPT

For Your Notebook

Permutations with Repetition

The number of distinguishable permutations of n objects where one object is repeated s_1 times, another is repeated s_2 times, and so on, is:

$$\frac{n!}{s_1! \cdot s_2! \cdot \dots \cdot s_k!}$$

Example: Find the number of distinguishable permutations of the letters in

$$\text{SOCCER} = \frac{6!}{2!} = \frac{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{2 \cdot 1} = 360$$

$$\text{SWIMMING} = \frac{8!}{2! 2!} = \frac{8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 10,080$$

$$\text{MISSISSIPPI} = \frac{11!}{4! 4! 2!} = \frac{11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 34,650$$